CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method for the extraction and desorption of at least one analyte in an analytebearing sample, said method comprising:

providing a tubular member sized for communication with an analytical device; coating an interior surface of said tubular member with a sorptive coating; injecting said analyte-bearing sample into said coated tubular member; sorptively extracting said at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing sample; removing said analyte bearing sample from said coated tubular member; desorbing said analyte from said coated tubular member; and introducing said desorbed analyte into said analytical device.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein: said analytical device is a gas chromatograph; said gas chromatograph having an injection port housing; said injection port housing receiving said tubular member therein.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:
- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel; and
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein: said injection step includes connecting said coated tubular member to a vessel; said vessel containing said analyte-bearing sample; and said removing step includes separating said coated tubular member from said vessel.
- 5. The method of claim 3, wherein:

said analytical device is a gas chromatograph; said gas chromatograph having an injection port housing; said injection port housing receiving said tubular member therein.

6. A method for the extraction and desorption of at least one analyte in an analytebearing sample, said method comprising:

providing a tubular member sized for communication with an analytical device; coating an interior surface of said tubular member with a sorptive coating; said sorptive coating comprising at least one selection from the group consisting of:

- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel; and
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent;

injecting said analyte-bearing sample into said coated tubular member; sorptively extracting said at least one analyte from said analyte-bearing sample; removing said analyte bearing sample from said coated tubular member; desorbing said analyte from said coated tubular member; introducing said desorbed analyte into said analytical device; / said analytical device is a gas chromatograph; said gas chromatograph having an injection port housing; and said injection port housing receiving said tubular member therein.

7. A tubular member for performing extraction and desorption, said tubular member comprising:

an inlet, an outlet, and a passageway therethrough; said passageway providing fluid communication from said inlet to said outlet; said passageway defined by an interior surface; said interior surface coated with a sorptive coating; and

said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:

- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel; and
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent.
- 8. The device in claim 7, further comprising: said interior surface having a uniformly smooth surface.
- The device in claim 7, further comprising:
 said interior surface having an irregular surface.
- 10. The device of claim 7, wherein:

 said tubular member is received into the injection port housing of a gas chromatograph.
- 11. A tubular member for performing extraction and desorption, said tubular member comprising:

an inlet, an outlet, and a passageway therethrough;
said passageway providing fluid communication from said inlet to said outlet;
said passageway defined by an interior surface;
said interior surface having a uniformly smooth surface;
said interior surface coated with a sorptive coating; and
said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:

(a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;

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- (b) a porous layer;
- (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
- (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
- (e) a sol gel; and
- (f) an immobilized adsorbent.
- 12. A tubular member for performing extraction and desorption, said tubular member comprising:

an inlet, an outlet, and a passageway therethrough;
said passageway providing fluid communication from said inlet to said outlet;
said passageway defined by an interior surface;
said interior surface having an irregular surface;
said interior surface coated with a sorptive coating; and
said sorptive coating comprises at least one selection from the group consisting of:

- (a) an immobilized polysiloxane polymer, having two attached functional groups, wherein the first attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl, and the second attached functional group is selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkylaryl, alkenylaryl, alkynylaryl, haloalkyl, and haloaryl;
 - (b) a porous layer;
 - (c) other immobilized polymers above their glass transition temperature;
 - (d) an immobilized porous polymer;
 - (e) a sol gel; and
 - (f) an immobilized adsorbent.